United Capital Sukuk Fund | Monthly Fact Sheet



FUND OBJECTIVE

The objective of the fund is to provide investors with a low-risk investment with stable and competitive returns through investments in short, medium and longterm Sharia-Compliant securities and investment products, whilst ensuring the preservation of capital and maintaining a reasonable degree of liquidity.

The Fund aims to provide its Unitholders with halal profits on the growth of their capital over the long-term in accordance with the principles of Islamic

MARKET REVIEW, OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

The Debt Management Office (DMO) conducted its February FGN bond auction in the primary market, with an offer of N360.0bn across four (4) tenors, FEB 2028, APR 2032, APR 2037, and APR 2049. At the auction, investors' demand came in strong with overall bids summing up to N992. Ibn implying a bid-to-cover ratio of 2.8x. The DMO opted to oversell the auction by an allotment rate of 1.8x, selling N662.6bn worth of papers across the tenors on offer. Interestingly, marginal rates at the longer end of the curve climbed by 10bps a piece, the 2037s and 2049s, to settle at 15.9% and 16.0% from 15.8% and 15.9% respectively. The observed upward climb is largely down to the DMO's decision to oversell the auction, particularly at the tail of the curve, as allotment-to-offer ratio for 2037 and 2049 printed at 2.5x and 2.7x respectively, indicating the FG's strategy of frontloading debt issuances and a sustained reliance of domestic debt market to fund the budget deficit. The marginal rate on the 2032s remained unchanged at 14.9% and attracted the least interest from investors at the auction, as it was undersubscribed by 0.9x. However, the marginal rate on the 2028s declined by 1bp to settle at 13.99% from 14.0%.

In the secondary market, sentiments from investors were mixed. There were pockets of bullish sentiments that kept yields suppressed across the curve, buoyed by the buoyant financial system. However, investors were mostly bearish toward the auction papers, in anticipation of the next DMO auction. Investors also priced in the higher-than-expected inflation print for Jan-2023. Yields on the 2028s, 2032s, and 2049s climbed by 59bps m/m, 1 bp m/m, and 24bps m/m, while the yield on 2037s declined 13bps m/m. This essentially highlights investors' bigs for the 2032s and particularly the 2037s in the month of February. Overall, the average yields on sovereign bonds dipped by 8bps to print at 13.3% as of 28th Feb-2023.

For the corporate bonds segment, we observed investors' bearish sentiment trickle down. Average yields on corporate bonds as of the end of Feb-2023 climbed 20bps m/m to close at 13.2% (previously 13.0%) in tandem with the broad-based bearish sentiment toward duration-exposed instruments Conversely, the FGN Sukuk bonds closed bullish as average yields on sovereign Sukuk bonds declined by 38bps m/m to close at 12.0% compared to the previous month's close of 12.4%.

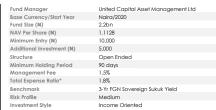
This month, we expect bearish sentiments from investors toward duration-exposed instruments, as they continue to price in another potential hike from the MPC in its March $(20^{\rm in}-21^{\rm it})$ meeting, in response to the higher-than-expected inflation print for Feb-2023. We believe that the recent positive macroeconomic data and decent corporate earnings will stand as added upsides for another hike by the MPC, albeit moderate. We expect that the FG's need to finance the 2023 budget deficit to facilitate early implementation of the 2023 budget will continue to drive the supply of bonds. In this month's bond auction, the DMO's strategy to frontload debt issuances and its overall debt appetite will fuel investors' appetite for higher rates particularly at the tail-end of the curve. We believe post-election uncertainties and the country's dampened short-term fiscal outlook will motivate further sell-offs at the short-end of the curve. System liquidity will remain pivotal at intervals. Lastly, coupon payments to the tune of N351.9bn (426.7% higher than the total coupon payment of N66.8bn in Feb-2023) will make room for pockets of bullish sentiments, as investors will look to reinvest their funds.

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The United Capital Sukuk Fund is regulated by the Securities & Exchange Commission

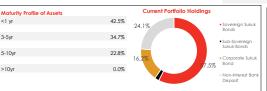


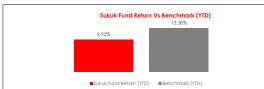
The United Capital Sukuk Fund returned 0.73% for the month of February and an annualised return of 9.92%, relative to the annualized return of 13.38% posted by the benchmark for the same period.

United Capital Asset Management

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The Fund maintains sufficient exposure to FGN Sukuk, money market instruments and sub-sovereign and corporate Sukuk with significantly higher yields. We will maintain current allocation to enhance returns for the





* Inclusive of management fee; Returns are net of all fees

Governance Asset Allocation Ranges:

Non-Interest Bank Deposit (20%-40%); Sukuk Bond: 60%-80%

Why choose the Fund?

- · Not exposed to equities market volatility
- · Seamless entry and exit
- · Low entry threshold · Professional management with robust risk framework
- · Long term capital preservation and growth

- . Log in to our online platform www.investnow.ng
- 2. Click on Sukuk Fund
- 3. Click on "Open and account" and complete the online form 4. Fund your account online with a one-time payment or recurrent

- Market risk
- Macroeconomic instability
- Interest Rate Risk

Return History			
	2021	2022	YTD 2023
United Capital Sukuk Fund	7.32%	7.23%	9.92%
Benchmark	9.88%	12.92%	13.38%

Fast performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance and individual investion; returns may after depending on individual investion; returns may after depending on individual investion; returns may after depending on investment period. Ferformance is not of feet and changes. It is information has been perspected for the purpose of providing general information, you need to consider conducting further enquisities; in declaring whether to occupie, or conducting further enquisities; in declaring whether to occupie, or conducting further enquisities; in declaring whether to occupie, or conducting further enquisities; in declaring whether to occupie, or conducting further enquisities.